In the claims:

All claims presented for examination are listed below.

- 1. (Currently amended) An apparatus to secure online transactions on the Internet comprising:
 - a card reader plugged into a microphone input of the PC sound card;
- a smart card transmitting an identification sequence to [[a]] the microphone input of the PC in the form of a modulated signal;
 - a card reader plugged into the microphone input of the PC sound eard; and
 - a PC applet demodulating the identification sequence;
 - characterized by the absence of processing means within the card reader.
- 2. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 1, wherein the identification sequence comprises at least a unique card number and a random number valid only once.
- 3. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 2, wherein the random number is a session key (Ki) which is not transmitted to the authentication server.
- 4. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the session key (Ki) is a function of the previous one (Ki-l) emitted by the card, wherein Ki G(Ki-l) and G is a one-way function also known by the authentication server.
- 5. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 4, wherein the session key (Ki) is used by the PC applet to generate a message authentication code (MAC) of the password entered by the user; said first MAC is transmitted to the authentication server along with the card number.

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- 6. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 5, wherein the authentication server generates a second MAC of the password stored in the authentication server database, using a session key deduced from the previous one (Ki-1) also stored in the database.
- 7. (Previously presented) The apparatus of claim 6, wherein the authentication is valid only if said first and second MAC are identical; if this is the case, the authentication server replaces (Ki- 1) by (Ki) in the database and (Ki) cannot be reused.
- 8. (Previously presented) The apparatus as in claim 1, wherein the smart card is powered by the voltage provided by the microphone input of the PC sound card.
- 9. (Previously presented) The apparatus as in claim 8, wherein the smart card transmits the modulated signal when the switch of the card reader is pressed by the user.
- 10. (Previously presented) The apparatus as in claim 9, wherein the smart card transmits the modulated signal to the microphone input through the ISO contact C6.
- 11. (Previously presented) The apparatus as in claim 10, wherein the smart card transmits the modulated signal when the ISO contact C2 is pulled down.
- 12. (Previously presented) The apparatus as in claim 11, wherein the smart card is powered through the ISO contacts C4 and C8.
- 13. (Previously presented) The apparatus as in claim 1, wherein the card reader further comprises a battery cell powering the card; said reader is alternatively plugged into the line input of the PC sound card.
- 14. (Canceled)

- 15. (Previously presented) The apparatus as in claim 1, wherein the card reader is further integrated into the PC unit or display.
- 16. (Currently amended)) A method for securing online transactions on the Internet comprising:
- (a) providing a smart card for transmitting an identification sequence [[by a]] from the smart card to a PC in the form of a modulated signal;
- (b) plugging a card reader into the microphone input of the PC sound card the card reader devoid of processing means; and
- (c) transmitting the modulated signal directly from the smart card to the microphone input of the PC via the card reader; and
 - (d) demodulating the identification sequence by a PC applet.
- 17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the identification sequence in step (a) comprises at least a unique card number and a random number valid only once.
- 18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 17, wherein the random number is a session key (Ki) which is not transmitted to the authentication server.
- 19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the session key (Ki) is a function of the previous one (Ki-l) emitted by the card, wherein Ki G(Ki-l) and G is a one-way function also known by the authentication server.
- 20. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the session key (Ki) is used by the PC applet to generate a message authentication code (MAC) of the password entered by the user; said first MAC is transmitted to the authentication server along with the card number.

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- 21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the authentication server generates a second MAC of the password stored in the authentication server database, using a session key deduced from the previous one (Ki-1) also stored in the database.
- 22. (Previously presented) The method of claim 21, wherein the authentication is valid only if said first and second MAC are identical; if this is the case, the authentication server replaces (Ki-1) by (Ki) in the database and (Ki) cannot be reused.